

H14. Business – General Business Zone

H14.1. Zone description

The Business – General Business Zone provides for business activities from light industrial to limited office, large format retail and trade suppliers. Large format retail is preferred in centres but it is recognised that this is not always possible, or practical. These activities are appropriate in the Business – General Business Zone only when they do not adversely affect the function, role and amenity of the Business – City Centre Zone, Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone and Business – Town Centre Zone.

Although the application of the zone within Auckland is limited, it is an important part of this Plan's strategy to provide for growth in commercial activity and manage the effects of large format retail.

The establishment of small retail activities in the zone should be limited as the presence of these activities, in combination with large format retail, can effectively create an unplanned centre. Residential activity is also not envisaged due to the potential presence of light industrial activities and the need to preserve land for appropriate commercial activities.

The zone is located primarily in areas close to the Business – City Centre Zone, Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone and Business – Town Centre Zone or within identified growth corridors, where there is good transport access and exposure to customers.

New development within the zone requires assessment in order to ensure that it is designed to a good standard.

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H14.2. Objectives

General objectives for all centres, Business – Mixed Use Zone, Business – General Business Zone and Business – Business Park Zone

- (1) A strong network of centres that are attractive environments and attract ongoing investment, promote commercial activity, and provide employment, housing and goods and services, all at a variety of scales.
- (2) Development is of a form, scale and design quality so that centres are reinforced as focal points for the community.
- (3) Development positively contributes towards planned future form and quality, creating a well-functioning urban environment and a sense of place.
- (4) Business activity is distributed in locations, and is of a scale and form, that:
 - (a) provides for the community's social and economic needs;
 - (b) improves community access to goods, services, community facilities and opportunities for social interaction;

- (c) manages adverse effects on the environment, including effects on infrastructure and residential amenity; and
 - (d) accommodates qualifying matters.
- (5) A network of centres that provides:
- (a) a framework and context to the functioning of the urban area and its transport network, recognising:
 - (i) the regional role and function of the city centre, metropolitan centres and town centres as commercial, cultural and social focal points for the region, sub-regions and local areas; and
 - (ii) local centres and neighbourhood centres in their role to provide for a range of convenience activities to support and serve as focal points for their local communities.
 - (b) a clear framework within which public and private investment can be prioritised and made; and
 - (c) a basis for regeneration and intensification initiatives.

Business – General Business Zone objectives

- (6) A range of business activities outside centres are provided for, while ensuring activities within the zone do not compromise the function, role and amenity of centres.
- (7) The zone is located primarily in areas close to the Business – City Centre Zone, Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone and Business – Town Centre Zone, or in other areas where appropriate.
- (8) The adverse effects on amenity values and the quality of the environment at the interface with other zones are managed.

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H14.3. Policies

General policies for all centres, Business – Mixed Use Zone, Business – General Business Zone and Business – Business Park Zone

- (1) Reinforce the function of the city centre, metropolitan centres and town centres as the primary location for commercial activity, according to their role in the hierarchy of centres.
- (2) Enable an increase in the density, diversity and quality of housing in the centre zones and Business – Mixed Use Zone, where it is compatible with any qualifying matters and while managing any reverse sensitivity effects including from the higher levels of ambient noise and reduced privacy that may result from non-residential activities.

- (3) Require development to be of a quality and design that positively contributes to:
 - (a) planning and design outcomes identified in this Plan for the relevant zone;
 - (b) the visual quality and interest of streets and other public open spaces; and
 - (c) pedestrian amenity, movement, safety and convenience for people of all ages and abilities.
- (4) Encourage universal access for all development, particularly medium to large scale development.
- (5) Require large-scale development to be of a design quality that is commensurate with the prominence and visual effects of the development.
- (6) Encourage buildings at the ground floor to be adaptable to a range of uses to allow activities to change over time.
- (7) Require at grade parking to be located and designed in such a manner as to avoid or mitigate adverse effects on pedestrian amenity and the streetscape.
- (8) Require development adjacent to residential zones and the Special Purpose – School Zone and Special Purpose – Māori Purpose Zone to maintain the amenity values of those areas, having specific regard to dominance, overlooking and shadowing.
- (9) Discourage activities, which have noxious, offensive, or undesirable qualities from locating within the centres and mixed use zones, while recognising the need to retain employment opportunities.
- (10) Discourage dwellings at ground floor in centre zones and enable dwellings above ground floor in centre zones.
- (11) Require development to avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse wind and glare effects on public open spaces, including streets, and shading effects on open space zoned land.
- (12) Recognise the functional and operational requirements of activities and development.
- (12A) Enable building height of at least six storeys within mapped walkable catchments unless a qualifying matter applies that reduces height.
- (13) Enable greater building height than the standard height in locations identified within the Height Variation Control, having regard to whether the greater height:
 - (za) is commensurate with the level of commercial activities and community services;
 - (zb) is compatible with a qualifying matter that requires reduced height and/or density;

- (a) is an efficient use of land;
 - (b) supports public transport, community infrastructure and contributes to centre vitality and vibrancy;
 - (c) considering the size and depth of the area, can be accommodated without significant adverse effects on adjacent residential zones;
 - (d) is supported by the status of the centre in the centres hierarchy, or is adjacent to such a centre; and
 - (e) support the role of centres.
- (14) Reduce building height below the standard zone height in locations identified within the Height Variation Control, where the standard zone height would have significant adverse effects on identified special character, identified landscape features, amenity or other qualifying matters.

Business – General Business Zone policies

- (15) Locate the zone adjacent or close to the Business – City Centre Zone, Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone and Business – Town Centre Zone and within the Identified Growth Corridor Overlay and in other areas where appropriate.
- (16) Enable a range of business activities, including large format retail, trade suppliers, light industry and small service activities that are either:
- (a) difficult to accommodate within centres due to their scale and functional requirements;
 - (b) more appropriately located outside of the Business – City Centre Zone, Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone or Business – Town Centre Zone; or
 - (c) already established in locations where they are able to continue.
- (17) Avoid commercial and retail activities of a scale and type locating within the zone that will compromise the function, role and amenity of the Business – City Centre Zone, Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone and Business – Town Centre Zone beyond those effects ordinarily associated with trade effects on trade competitors.
- (18) Avoid small-scale retail activities locating within the zone except for commercial services and food and beverage activities.
- (19) Enable light industrial activities to locate within the zone but discourage activities which have objectionable odour, dust or noise emissions.
- (20) Manage compatibility issues of activities within and between developments through site layout and design measures.

(21) Manage adverse effects on the safe and efficient operation of the transport network.

(22) Require activities adjacent to residential zones to avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects on amenity values of those areas.

(23) Restrict maximum impervious area within a riparian yard in order to ensure that adverse effects on water quality, water quantity and amenity values are avoided or mitigated.

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H14.4. Activity table

Table H14.4.1 Activity table specifies the activity status of land use and development activities in the Business – General Business Zone pursuant to section 9(3) of the Resource Management Act 1991.

Table H14.4.1 Activity table

Activity		Activity status
General		
(A1)	Activities not provided for	NC
Use		
Accommodation		
(A2)	Dwellings	NC
(A3)	Conversion of a building or part of a building to dwellings, residential development, visitor accommodation or boarding houses	NC
(A4)	Integrated residential development	NC
(A5)	Supported residential care	NC
(A6)	Visitor accommodation and boarding houses	NC
Commerce		
(A7)	Commercial services	P
(A8)	Commercial sexual services	D
(A9)	Conference facilities	D
(A10)	Department stores	RD
(A11)	Drive-through restaurants	P
(A12)	Entertainment facilities	P
(A13)	Cinemas	NC
(A14)	Food and beverage	P
(A15)	Food and beverage activities that form part of an integrated development, with more than 5 food and beverage activities	RD*
(A16)	Funeral directors' premises	D

Activity		Activity status
(A17)	Garden centres	P
(A18)	Marine retail	P
(A19)	Motor vehicle sales	P
(A20)	Offices up to 500m ² gross floor area per site	P
(A21)	Offices greater than 500m ² gross floor area per site	D
(A22)	Retail up to 200m ² gross floor area per tenancy	NC
(A23)	Retail exceeding 200m ² per tenancy and up to 450m ² gross floor area per tenancy	D
(A24)	Retail greater than 450m ² gross floor area per tenancy	P
(A25)	Service stations	RD
(A26)	Supermarkets up to 450m ² gross floor area per tenancy	D
(A27)	Supermarkets greater than 450m ² gross floor area per tenancy	RD
(A28)	Trade suppliers	P
Community		
(A29)	Artworks	P
(A30)	Care centres	D
(A31)	Community facilities	D
(A32)	Education facilities	D
(A33)	Emergency services	RD
(A34)	Healthcare facilities	D
(A35)	Hospitals	D
(A36)	Justice facilities	D
(A37)	Recreation facility	P
(A38)	Tertiary education facilities	D
Industry		
(A39)	Industrial activities	P
(A40)	Waste management facilities	NC
Mana Whenua		
(A41)	Marae complex	P
Development		
(A42)	New buildings	RD
(A43)	Demolition of buildings	P
(A44)	Alterations to building facades that are less than 25m ²	P
(A45)	Additions to buildings that are less than: (a) 25 per cent of the existing gross floor area of the building; or (b) 250m ² whichever is the lesser	P

Activity		Activity status
(A46)	Internal alterations to buildings	P
(A47)	Additions and alterations to buildings not otherwise provided for	RD

*Integrated development means a development that shares the same parking or access.

H14.5. Notification

- (1) Any application for resource consent for any of the following activities must be publicly notified:
 - (a) H14.4.1(A2) Dwellings; and
 - (b) H14.4.1(A4) Integrated residential development.
- (2) Any application for resource consent for an activity listed in Table H14.4.1 Activity table and which is not listed in H14.5(1) above will be subject to the normal tests for notification under the relevant sections of the Resource Management Act 1991.
- (3) When deciding who is an affected person in relation to any activity for the purposes of section 95E of the Resource Management Act 1991 the Council will give specific consideration to those persons listed in Rule [C1.13\(4\)](#).

H14.6. Standards

All permitted and restricted discretionary activities in Table H14.4.1 Activity table must comply with the following standards.

H14.6.0 Activities within 30m of a residential zone

- (1) The following activities are restricted discretionary activities where they are located within 30m of a residential zone and are listed as a permitted activity in the activity table:
 - (a) bars and taverns;
 - (b) drive-through restaurants;
 - (c) outdoor eating areas accessory to restaurants;
 - (d) entertainment facilities;
 - (e) child care centres; and
 - (f) animal breeding and boarding.

This standard only applies to those parts of the activities subject to the application that are within 30m of the residential zone.

H14.6.1. Building height

Purpose:

- manage the effects of building height;
- Manage shadowing effects of building height on public open space, excluding streets;
- manage visual dominance effects;
- enable greater height in areas identified for intensification; and
- provide for variations to the standard zone height through the Height Variation Control, to recognise the character and amenity of particular areas and provide a transition in building scale to lower density zones.

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- (1) Buildings must not exceed 16.5m in height, unless otherwise specified in the Height Variation Control on the planning maps.

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H14.6.2. Height in relation to boundary

Purpose:

- manage the effects of building height;
- allow reasonable sunlight and daylight access to public open space excluding streets, and neighbouring zones; and
- manage visual dominance effects on neighbouring zones where lower height limits apply.

- (1) Buildings must not project beyond a recession plane that begins vertically above ground level along the zone boundary. The angle of the recession plane and the height above ground level from which it is measured is specified in Table H14.6.2.1 and Figure H14.6.2.1 or Figure H14.6.2.2 below.
- (2) Where the boundary forms part of an entrance strip, access site or pedestrian access-way, the standard applies from the farthest boundary of that entrance strip or access site. However, if an entrance strip, access site or pedestrian access-way is greater than 2.5m in width, the standard will be measured from a parallel line 2.5m out from the site boundary.

Table H14.6.2.1 Height in relation to boundary

	Zoning of adjacent site	Angle of recession plane (identified as x in Figure H14.6.2.1 or Figure H14.6.2.2)	Height above ground level which the recession plane will be measured from (identified as y in Figure H14.6.2.1 or Figure H14.6.2.2)
[new text to be inserted]	Residential – Single House Zone; or Residential – Mixed Housing Suburban Zone	45°	2.5m
	Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone	45°	3m
	Residential – Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone	60°	8m
	Special Purpose – Māori Purpose Zone; or Special Purpose – School Zone	45°	6m
	Open Space – Conservation Zone; Open Space – Informal Recreation Zone; Open Space – Sports and Active Recreation Zone; Open Space – Civic Spaces Zone; or Open Space – Community Zone	45°	4.5m
[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]

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Figure H14.6.2.1 Height in relation to boundary

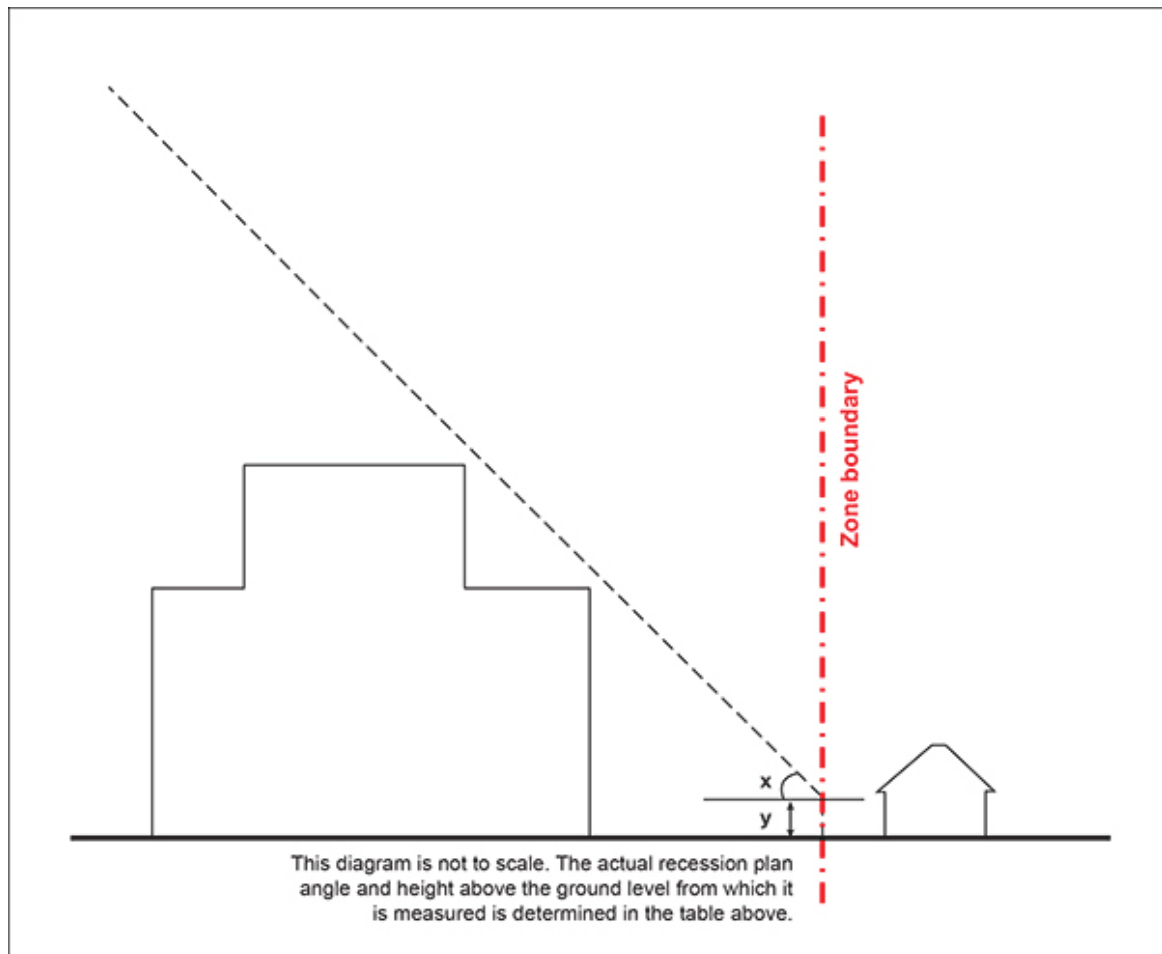
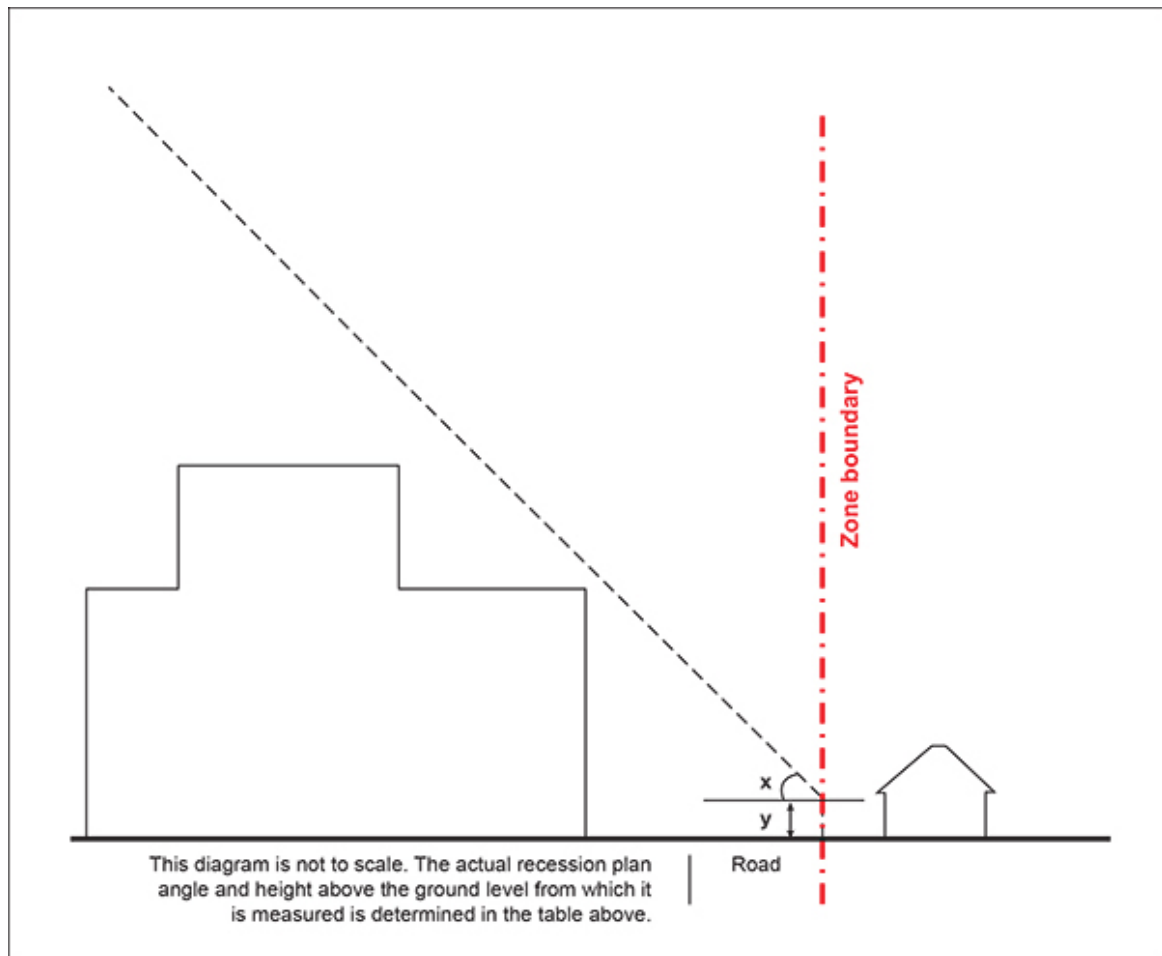


Figure H14.6.2.2 Height in relation to boundary opposite a road



H14.6.3. Yards

Purpose:

- provide a landscaped buffer between buildings and activities and adjoining residential zones and some special purpose zones, to mitigate adverse visual and nuisance effects; and
- ensure buildings are adequately setback from lakes, streams and the coastal edge to maintain water quality, amenity, provide protection from natural hazards, and potential access to the coast.

(1) A building or parts of a building must be set back from the relevant boundary by the minimum depth listed in Table H14.6.3.1 below.

Table H14.6.3.1 Yards

Yard	Minimum depth
Rear	3m where the rear boundary adjoins a residential zone or the Special Purpose – Māori Purpose Zone
Side	3m where a side boundary adjoins a Residential zone or the Special Purpose – Māori Purpose Zone
Riparian	10m from the edge of all permanent and intermittent streams
Lakeside yard	30m
Coastal protection yard	25m, or as otherwise specified in Appendix 6 Coastal protection yard

Note 3

A side or rear yard, and/or landscaping within that yard, is only required along that part of the side or rear boundary adjoining a residential zone or the Special Purpose – Māori Purpose Zone.

- (2) Side and rear yards must be planted with a mixture of trees, shrubs or ground cover plants (including grass) within and along the full extent of the yard for a depth of at least 3m.

H14.6.4. Landscaping

Purpose:

- ensure landscaping provides a buffer and screening between car parking, loading, or service areas commercial activities and the street; and
- ensure landscaping is of sufficient quality as to make a positive contribution to the amenity of the street.

- (1) A landscape buffer of 2m in depth must be provided along the street frontage between the street and car parking, loading, or service areas which are visible from the street frontage. This rule excludes access points.

- (2) The required landscaping in Standard H14.6.4(1) above must comprise a mix of trees, shrubs or ground cover plants (including grass).

H14.6.5. Maximum impervious area in the riparian yard

Purpose: support the functioning of riparian yards and in-stream health.

- (1) The maximum impervious area within a riparian yard must not exceed 10 per cent of the riparian yard area.

H14.6.6. Wind

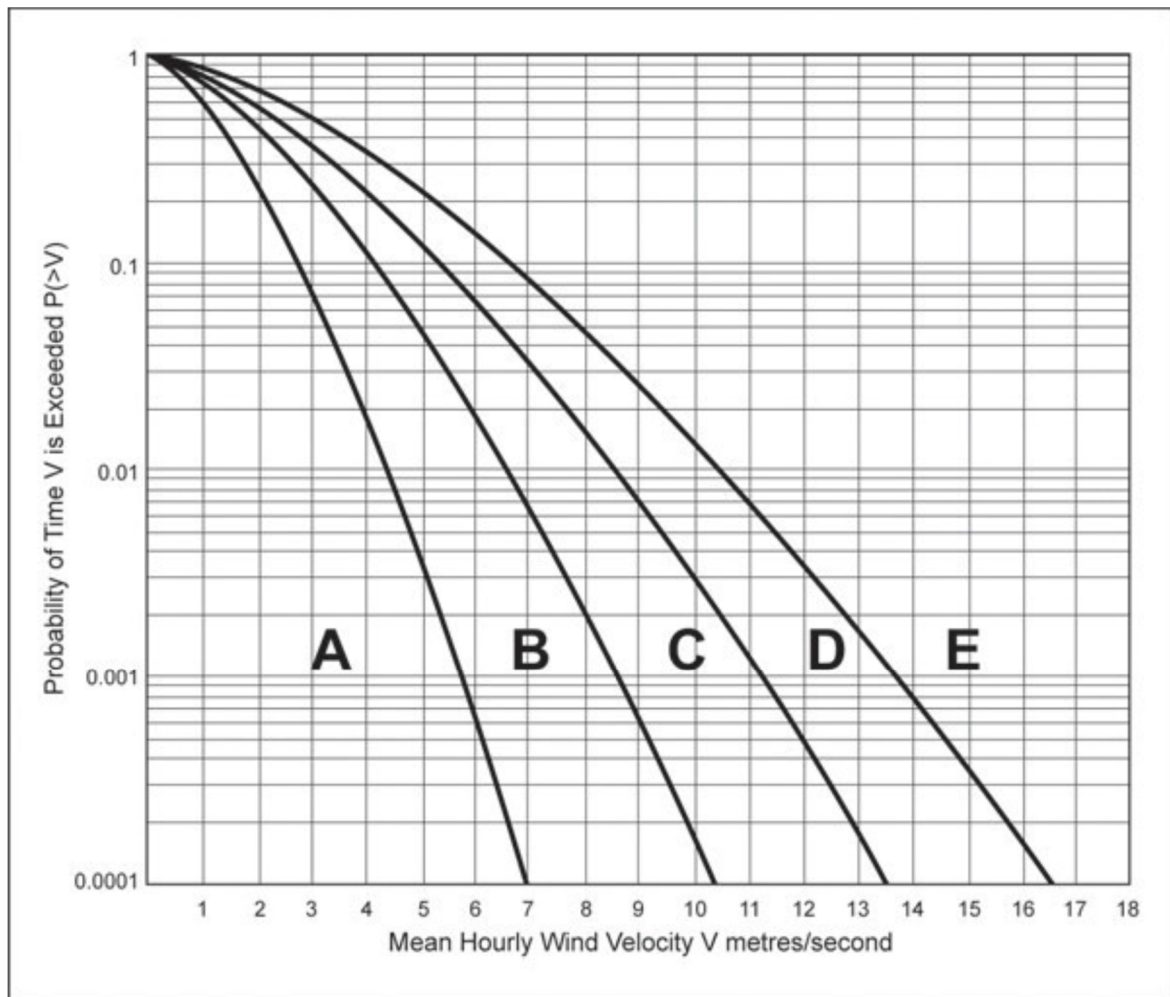
Purpose: mitigate the adverse wind effects generated by tall buildings.

- (1) A new building exceeding 25m in height and additions to existing buildings that increase the building height above 25m must not cause:

- (a) the mean wind speed around it to exceed the category for the intended use of the area as set out in Table H14.6.6.1 and Figure H14.6.6.1 below;
 - (b) the average annual maximum peak 3-second gust to exceed the dangerous level of 25m per second; and
 - (c) an existing wind speed which exceeds the controls of Standard H14.6.6(1)(a) or Standard H14.6.6(1)(b) above to increase.
- (2) A report and certification from a suitably qualified and experienced person, showing that the building complies with Standard H14.6.6(1) above, will demonstrate compliance with this standard.
- (3) If the information in Standard H14.6.6(2) above is not provided, or if such information is provided but does not predict compliance with the rule, a further wind report including the results of a wind tunnel test or appropriate alternative test procedure is required to demonstrate compliance with this standard.

Table H14.6.6.1 Categories

Category		Description
(B48)	Category A	Areas of pedestrian use or adjacent dwellings containing significant formal elements and features intended to encourage longer term recreational or relaxation use i.e. public open space and adjacent outdoor living space
(B49)	Category B	Areas of pedestrian use or adjacent dwellings containing minor elements and features intended to encourage short term recreation or relaxation, including adjacent private residential properties
(B50)	Category C	Areas of formed footpath or open space pedestrian linkages, used primarily for pedestrian transit and devoid of significant or repeated recreational or relaxational features, such as footpaths not covered in categories A or B above
(B51)	Category D	Areas of road, carriage way, or vehicular routes, used primarily for vehicular transit and open storage, such as roads generally where devoid of any features or form which would include the spaces in categories A - C above
(B52)	Category E	Category E represents conditions which are dangerous to the elderly and infants and of considerable cumulative discomfort to others, including residents in adjacent sites. Category E conditions are unacceptable and are not allocated to any physically defined areas of the city

Figure H14.6.6.1 Wind environment control

Derivation of the wind environment control graph:

The curves on the graph delineating the boundaries between the acceptable categories (A-D) and unacceptable (E) categories of wind performance are described by the Weibull expression:

$$P(>V) = e^{-(v/c)^k}$$

where V is a selected value on the horizontal axis, and P is the corresponding value of the vertical axis:

and where:

$P(>V)$ = Probability of a wind speed V being exceeded;

e = The Napierian base 2.7182818285

v = the velocity selected;

k = the constant 1.5; and

c = a variable dependent on the boundary being defined:

$$A/B, c = 1.548$$

B/C, c = 2.322

C/D, c = 3.017

D/E, c = 3.715

H14.7. Assessment – controlled activities

There are no controlled activities in this zone.

H14.8. Assessment – restricted discretionary activities

H14.8.1. Matters of discretion

The Council will restrict its discretion to the following matters when assessing a restricted discretionary resource consent application:

- (1) activities within 30m of a residential zone, emergency services and service stations:
 - (a) the compatibility of:
 - (i) the effects of intensity and scale of the development arising from the numbers of people and/or vehicles using the site; and
 - (ii) the effects of the operation of the activity;
on the existing and expected future amenity values of the surrounding area and any practicable mitigation measures that would be appropriate to manage those effects;
 - (b) the effects of the design and location of parking areas and vehicle access and servicing arrangements on visual amenity of the streetscape and on pedestrian safety;
 - (c) the effects of location, design and management of storage and servicing facilities on the amenity values of nearby residential properties including potential visual effects, adequacy of access for service vehicles (including waste collection) and any night time noise effects; and
 - (d) the assessment of the above matters having regard to the need to provide for the functional requirements of the activity;
- (2) supermarkets greater than 450m² gross floor area and department stores:
 - (a) the compatibility of the effects of intensity and scale of the development arising from the numbers of people and/or vehicles using the site, with the existing and expected future amenity values of the surrounding area and any practicable mitigation measures that would be appropriate to manage those effects;
 - (b) the effects of the design and location of parking areas and vehicle access and servicing arrangements on visual amenity of the streetscape and on pedestrian safety;

- (c) the effects of the size, composition and characteristics of retail and office activities proposed on the existing and expected future function, role and amenity of other Centre zones having regard to the need to enable convenient access of communities to commercial and community services while disregarding any effects ordinarily associated with trade effects on trade competitors; and
 - (d) the assessment of the above matters having regard to the need to provide for the functional requirements of the activity;
- (3) food and beverage activities that form part of an integrated development, with more than 5 food and beverage activities:
 - (a) any association between the scale of the proposed development and the enablement of high-intensity residential development either on the same site or in close vicinity; and
 - (b) the effects, including cumulative effects, of the size, composition and characteristics of retail activities proposed on the existing and expected future function, role and amenity of other centre zones having regard to the need to enable convenient access of communities to commercial and community services while disregarding effects ordinarily associated with trade effects on trade competitors;
- (4) new buildings and alterations and additions to buildings not otherwise provided for:
 - (a) the design and appearance of buildings in so far as it affects the existing and future amenity values of public streets and spaces used by significant numbers of people. This includes:
 - (i) the contribution that such buildings make to the attractiveness pleasantness and enclosure of the public space;
 - (ii) the maintenance or enhancement of amenity for pedestrians using the public space or street;
 - (iii) the provision of convenient and direct access between the street and building for people of all ages and abilities;
 - (iv) measures adopted for limiting the adverse visual effects of any blank walls along the frontage of the public space; and
 - (v) the effectiveness of screening of car parking and service areas from the view of people using the public space.
 - (b) the provision of floor to floor heights that will provide the flexibility of the space to be adaptable to a wide variety of use over time;
 - (c) the extent of glazing provided on walls fronting public streets and public spaces and the benefits it provides in terms of:

- (i) the attractiveness and pleasantness of the public space and the amenity for people using or passing through that space;
 - (ii) the degree of visibility that it provides between the public space and the building interior; and
 - (iii) the opportunities for passive surveillance of the street from the ground floor of buildings.
- (d) the provision of verandahs to provide weather protection in areas used, or likely to be used, by significant numbers of pedestrians;
- (e) the application of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design principles to the design and layout of buildings adjoining public spaces;
- (f) the effects of creation of new roads and/or service lanes on the matters listed above;
- (g) the positive effects that landscaping, including required landscaping, on sites adjoining public spaces is able to contribute to the amenity values of the people using or passing through the public space;
- (h) taking an integrated stormwater management approach; and
- (i) all the above matters to be assessed having regard to the outcomes set out in this Plan and the functional requirements of the activities that the buildings are intended to accommodate;
- (5) in addition to the matters for new buildings stated above the Council will restrict its discretion to the following matter in regard to:
- supermarkets, department stores and large format retail where the activity or integrated retail development exceeds 1000m² gross floor area per tenancy; or
 - trade suppliers where the activity or integrated retail development exceeds 1000m² gross floor area per tenancy:
- (a) the manner in which these building/developments are integrated with the adjacent existing and planned future centre and zone activities and public spaces and provide for the continuity of active public frontages and associated pedestrian amenity that is appropriate to those centres and zones having regard to the outcomes set out in this Plan and the functional requirements of the activities that the buildings are intended to accommodate. This will include the effects of the design and location of parking areas, vehicle access and servicing arrangements on the visual amenity of the streetscape and on pedestrian safety;
- (6) in addition to the matters for new buildings stated above the Council will restrict its discretion to the following matter in regard to:
- drive through restaurants; or

- service stations:

(a) the effects of the location and design of:

- (i) buildings and associated equipment, parking and service areas;
- (ii) access for vehicles including service vehicles; and
- (iii) landscaping;

on the amenity of surrounding areas (particularly residential areas), on streetscapes and on pedestrian amenity and any methods by which those effects can be appropriately managed;

(7) buildings that do not comply with the standards:

- (a) any policy which is relevant to the standard;
- (b) the purpose of the standard;
- (c) the effects of the infringement of the standard;
- (d) the effects on the amenity of neighbouring sites;
- (e) the effects of any special or unusual characteristic of the site which is relevant to the standard;
- (f) the characteristics of the development;
- (g) any other matters specifically listed for the standard; and
- (h) where more than one standard will be infringed, the effects of all infringements.

H14.8.2. Assessment criteria

The Council will consider the relevant assessment criteria below for restricted discretionary activities:

(1) activities within 30m of a residential zone, emergency services and service stations:

- (a) for Matter H14.8.1(1)(a)(i) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a), Policy H14.3(3)(b), Policy H14.3(3)(c), Policy H14.3(8) and Policy H14.3(22);
- (b) for Matter H14.8.1(1)(a)(ii) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a), Policy H14.3(3)(b), Policy H14.3(3)(c), Policy H14.3(8) and Policy H14.3(22);
- (c) for Matter H14.8.1(1)(b) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(c) and Policy H14.3(7);
- (d) for Matter H14.8.1(1)(c) refer to Policy H14.3(22); and
- (e) for Matter H14.8.1(1)(d) refer to Policy H14.3(12);

(2) supermarkets greater than 450m² gross floor area and department stores:

- (a) for Matter H14.8.1(2)(a) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a), Policy H14.3(3)(b), Policy H14.3(3)(c), Policy H14.3(8) and Policy H14.3(20);
 - (b) for Matter H14.8.1(2)(b) refer to Policy H14.3(7);
 - (c) for Matter H14.8.1(2)(c) refer to Policy H14.3(1) and H14.3(17); and
 - (d) for Matter H14.8.1(2)(d) refer to Policy H14.3(12);
- (3) food and beverage activities that form part of an integrated development, with more than 5 food and beverage activities:
- (a) for Matter H14.8.1(3)(a) refer to Policy H14.3(2); and
 - (b) for Matter H14.8.1(3)(a) refer to Policy H14.3(1) and Policy H14.3(17);
- (4) new buildings and alterations and additions to buildings not otherwise provided for:
- (a) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(a)(i) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a) and Policy H14.3(3)(b);
 - (b) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(a)(ii) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(c);
 - (c) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(a)(iii) refer to Policy H14.3(4);
 - (d) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(a)(iv) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a);
 - (e) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(a)(v) refer to Policy H14.3(7);
 - (f) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(b) refer to Policy H14.3(6);
 - (g) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(c)(i) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a) and Policy H14.3(3)(b);
 - (h) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(c)(ii) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a) and Policy H14.3(3)(b);
 - (i) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(c)(iii) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a) and Policy H14.3(3)(b);
 - (j) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(d) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(c);
 - (k) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(e) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(c);
 - (l) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(f) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(b);
 - (m) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(g) refer to H14.3(3)(c);
 - (n) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(h) refer to [E1.3\(10\)](#)
 - (o) for Matter H14.8.1(4)(i) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(12);

(5) in addition to the policies for new buildings stated above the Council will have regard to the following policies when considering new buildings for the following purposes:

- supermarkets, department stores and large format retail where the activity or integrated retail development exceeds 1000m² gross floor area per tenancy; or
- trade suppliers where the activity or integrated retail development exceeds 1000m² gross floor area per tenancy:

(a) refer to Policy H14.3(1), Policy H14.3(5), Policy H14.3(17), Policy H14.3(16) and Policy H14.3(20);

(6) in addition to the policies for new buildings stated above the Council will have regard to the following policies when considering new buildings for the following purposes:

- drive through restaurants; or
- service stations:

(a) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a), Policy H14.3(3)(b), Policy H14.3(3)(c), Policy H14.3(7), Policy H14.3(8), Policy H14.3(12), Policy H14.3(16) and Policy H14.3(20);

(7) buildings that do not comply with the standards:

(a) height and height in relation to boundary:

(i) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(a), Policy H14.3(3)(b) and Policy H14.3(8);

(b) yards and landscaping:

(i) refer to Policy H14.3(3)(b), Policy H14.3(3)(c), Policy H14.3(7) and Policy H14.3(8);

(c) wind:

(i) refer to Policy H14.3(11)

(d) maximum impervious area in a riparian yard:

(i) refer to Policy H14.3(23).

H14.9. Special information requirements

There are no special information requirements in this zone.